

Pioneering
vaccines that
transform
lives.



Immunomic Therapeutics, Inc.

LAMP-Vax for Glioblastoma: CMV-LAMP-Vax™





Executive Summary

pp65-LAMP-Vax First Line Therapy for Glioblastoma Multiforme

- **Immunomic Therapeutics is developing novel immunotherapy therapeutics to treat immunology and oncology diseases based on LAMP technology**
- **Potential for LAMP vaccines:**
 - Create polyfunctional immune response
 - Induce antigen-specific Th1-biased TILs at tumor site and activate CD8 T-cells
 - Th1 CD4+ T-cell activity is part of effective immune response to cancer
- **ITI is developing pp65-LAMP-DC vaccine**
 - Currently in a Phase II proof of concept study in newly diagnosed glioblastoma
 - Priming injection site with Td toxin prior to ID administration of dendritic cells loaded with mRNA encoding pp65
 - pp65 is a major CMV protein, providing exceptional tumor specificity
 - Phase I study showed median OS of 35 months and PFS of 31 months
 - Original product concept developed by labs of Drs. Mitchell and Sampson at Duke

Disease Background

Stage IV Brain Cancer is Glioblastoma Multiforme

Grade IV glioblastoma has the poorest prognosis of all primary brain tumors with 1 and 5 year overall survival of 35% and 4.7% respectively³

Brain and GBM Cancer Incidence, 2014 ¹				GBM Survival & Cases by Age Group ²			
New Cases	EU	US	JP	Age Group (yrs)	Est. Cases (US)	1-Year Survival, %	5-Year Survival, %
Brain Cancer	27,187	22,621	5,276	0-19	1,336	57.2	19.2
Glioblastoma (GBM)	14,126	10,225	1,873	20-44	2,017	66.5	16.9
				45-54	1,735	52.7	5.9
				55-64	2,772	40.7	3.8
				65-74	2,630	23.7	1.7
				75+	2,150	9.2	0.8

- Glioblastoma
 - Is cytologically malignant
 - Has rapid pre- and postoperative disease evolution
 - Is highly diverse and heterogeneous disease with variable impacts on prognosis
- IV Brain Cancer – Glioblastoma Multiforme

1. GlobalData, EpiCast Brain Cancer Mdoel, December 2015

2. Cancer Epidemiol. 2014 Oct;38(5):490-5. doi: 10.1016/j.canep.2014.07.014.

3. Neuro Oncol. 2013 Nov; 15(Suppl 2): ii1–ii56. doi: 10.1093/neuonc/not151

Disease Background

Disease Presentation, Diagnosis and SOC Treatment in GBM

Glioblastoma presenting symptoms

General Symptoms

- Headaches
- Seizures
- Nausea/vomiting
- Personality changes
- Aphasia
- Hemiparesis
- Sensory/visual loss

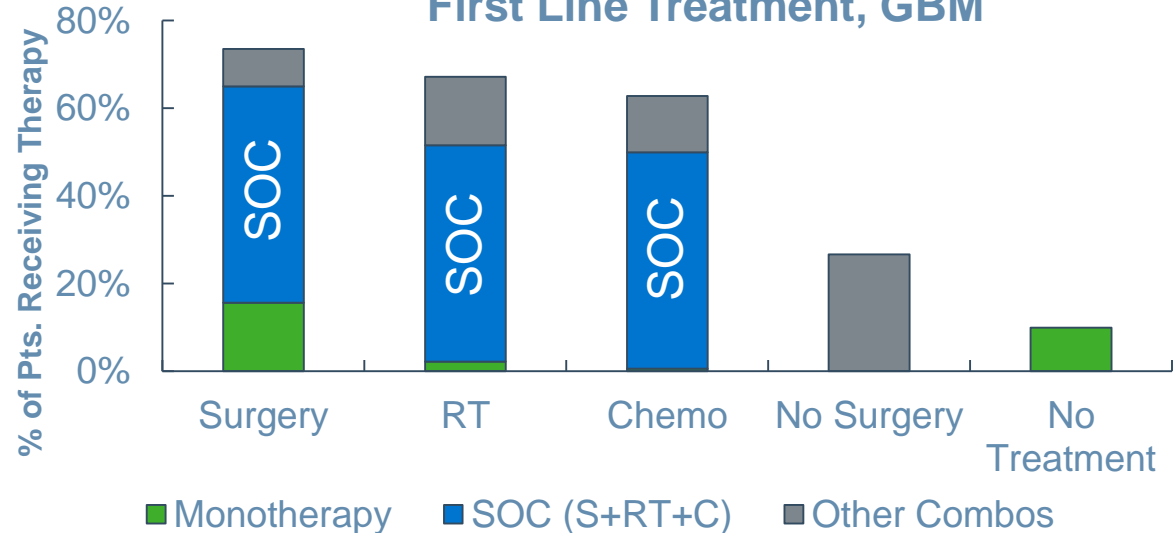
Diagnosis

- MRI to determine high grade vs. low grade gliomas
- Tissue diagnosis necessary for confirmation of GBM

Standard of Care Therapy (NCCN Guidelines)

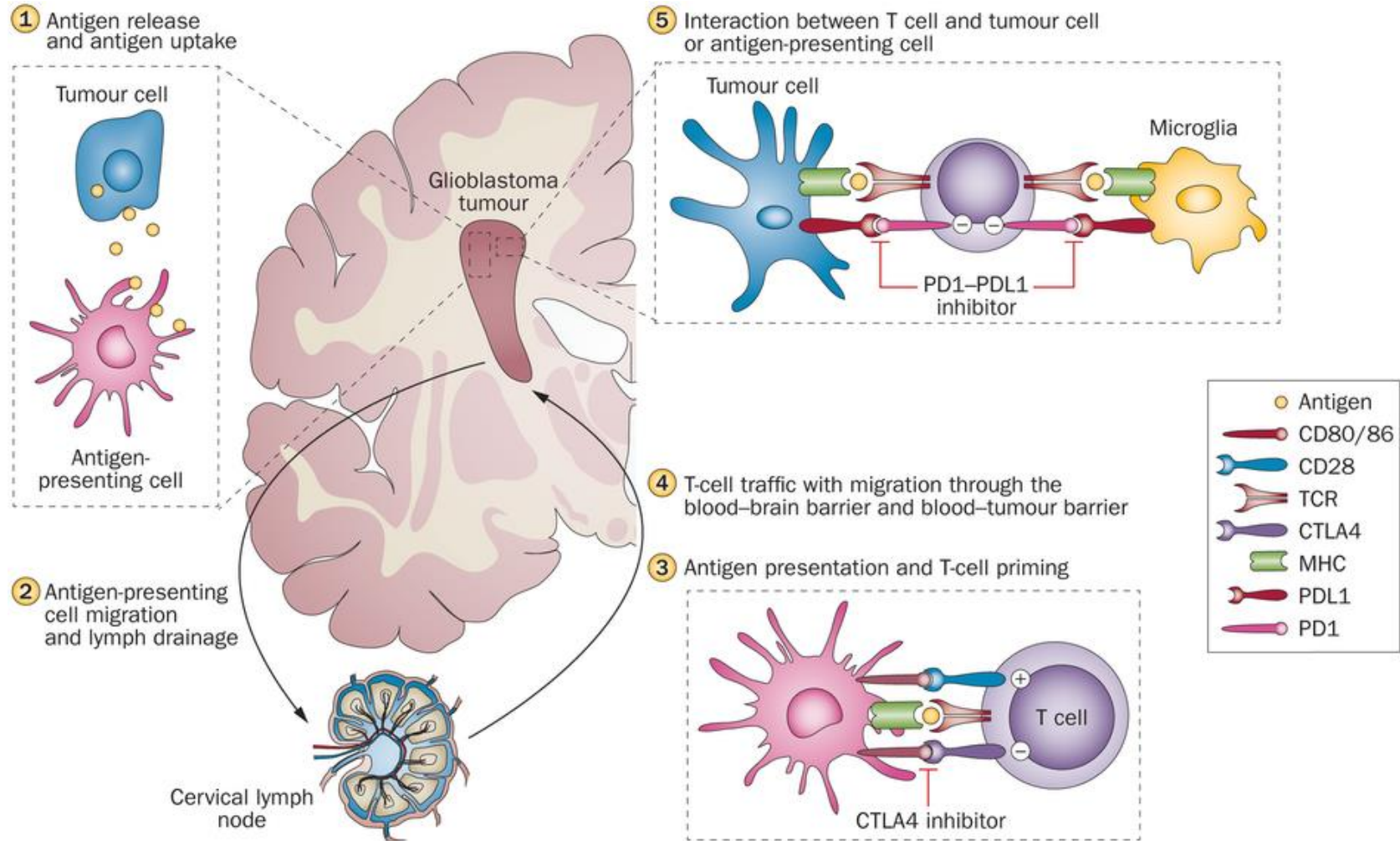
Surgery	Radiotherapy	Chemotherapy
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Pathological diagnosis• Alleviate mass effect• Increases survival• Not feasible (~10%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Increase survival after surgery in newly diagnosed patients	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Temozolomide (TMZ)• Extend survival• Potentially increase therapeutic effect of RT

First Line Treatment, GBM



Immune Cycle in Glioblastoma

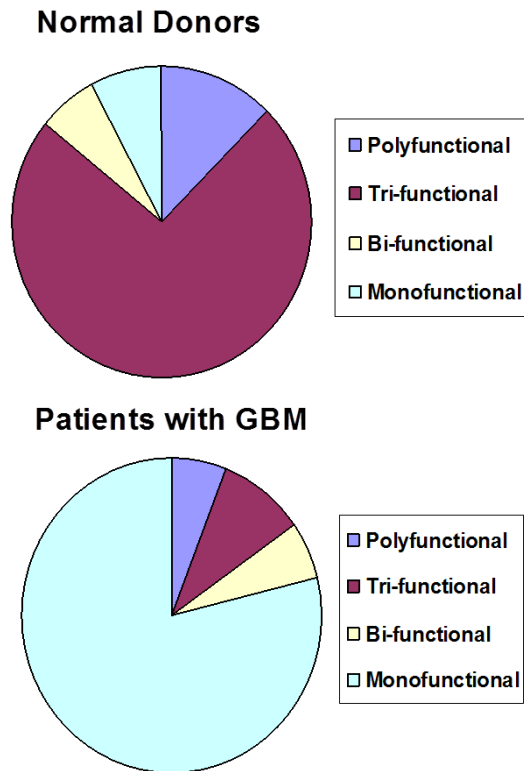
Interplay of Immuno-Oncology Assets



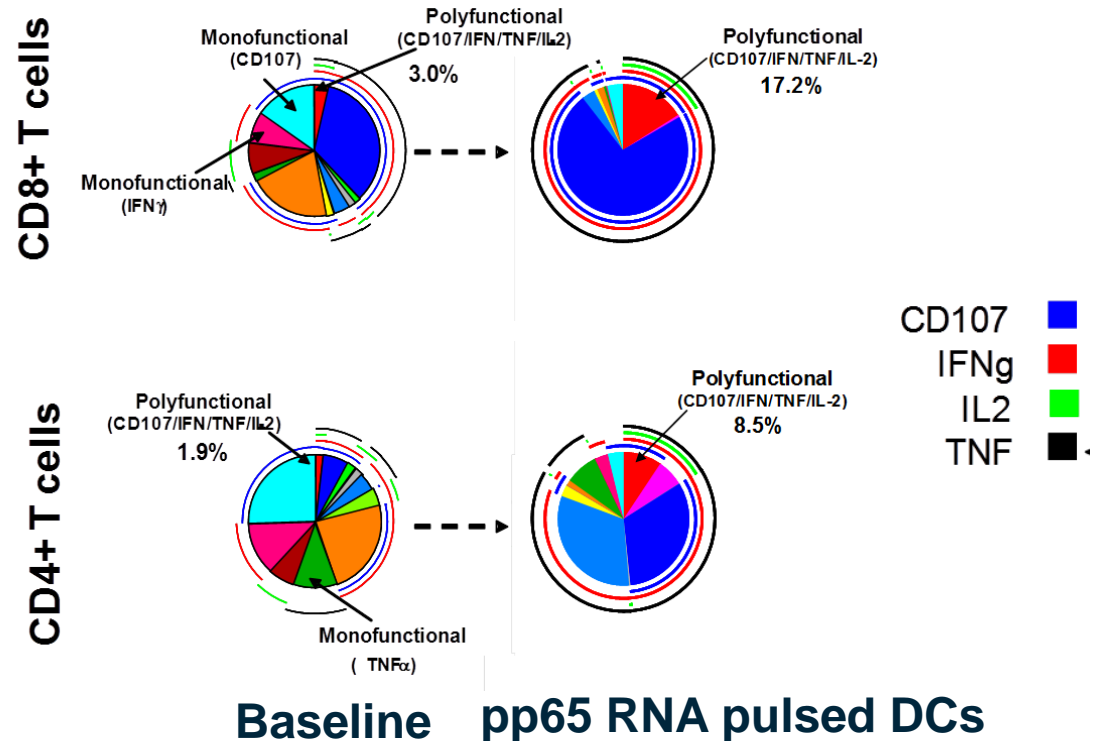
Proof of Principle Data in Glioblastoma

pp65-LAMP-vax DC Therapies

Biological rationale for LAMP-based cancer vaccine in **glioblastoma multiforme** is the restoration or profound immunological dysfunction



LAMP Induction of Polyfunctional T-Cell Response

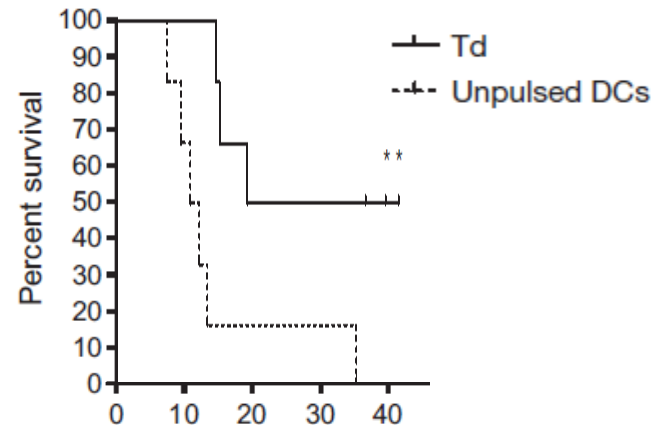
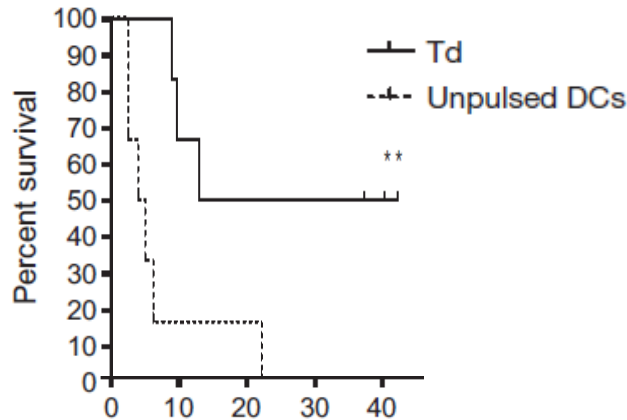


Phase I Data – ATTAC Trials

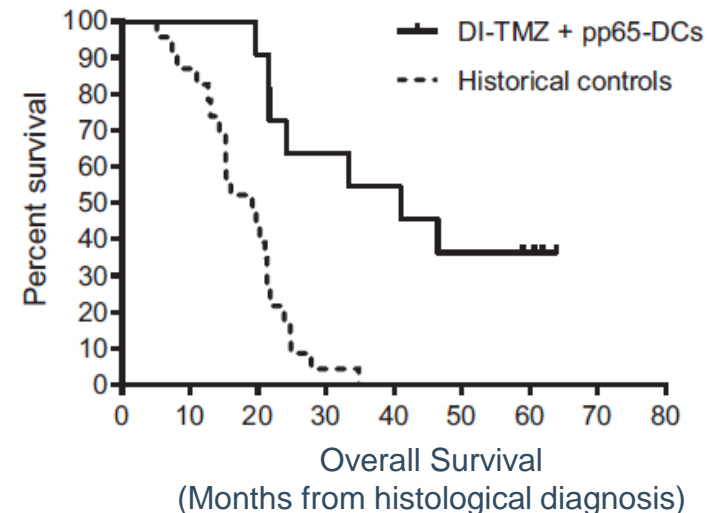
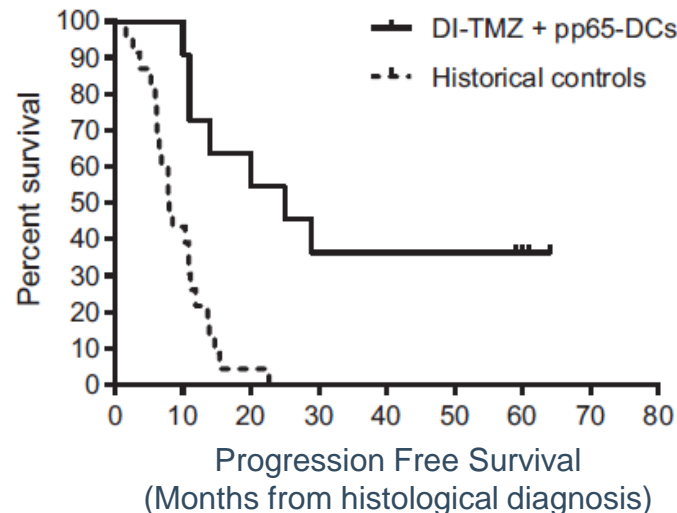
pp65-LAMP-vax DC Therapies

Glioblastoma multiforme patients (n=12) in **Phase I** study with autologous DCs loaded with mRNA encoding **pp65** and **LAMP** after Td toxin prime (+/-)

ATTAC



ATTAC-GM Trial



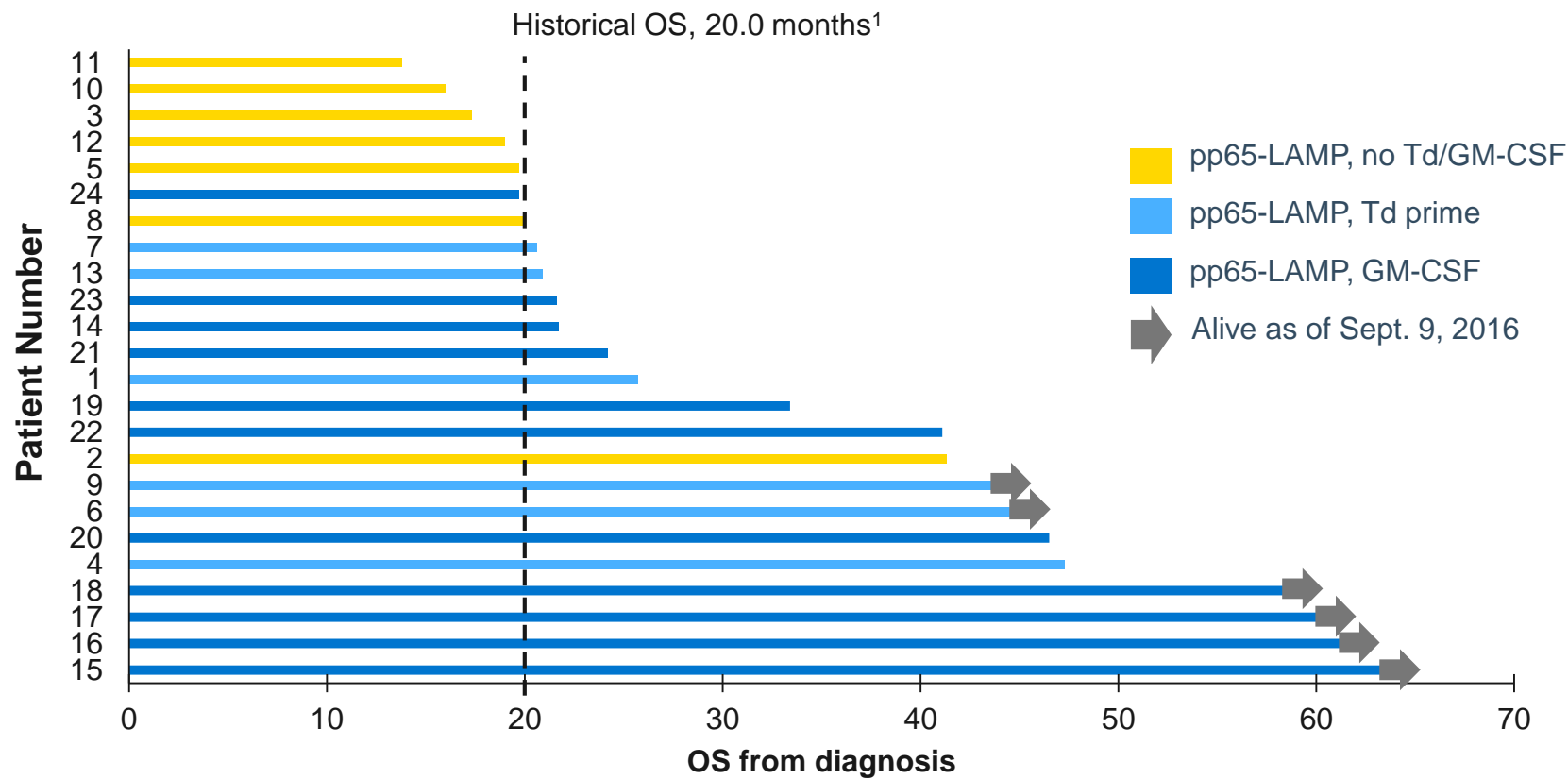
¹ Mitchell DA, Batich KA et al. Nature 2015

² Batich KA et al., Clin Cancer Res 2017

Phase I Data – ATTAC Trials

PFS & OS Data for pp65-LAMP DCs + RT + TMZ

Overall Survival of pp65-LAMP DC Therapy (months)



Sources: Mitchell DA et al., 2015. Nature | Vol 51 9 | 19 March and Batich KA et al., 2017. Clin Cancer Res; 23(8) April 15, 2017. ¹ ITI analysis of GBM TCGA dataset, restricted to KPS>80 receiving RT + TMZ

Phase I Data & Ongoing Phase II Trial

LAMP DC Therapy Targeting CMV Antigen (pp65) in GBM

Phase II Study Plan - ATTAC II Trial²

Newly diagnosed Glioblastoma multiforme patients treated with RT + TMZ, followed by vaccination with autologous DCs loaded with mRNA encoding pp65 and LAMP after Td toxin prime

Study Size: 150 patients across 3 arms

Primary Endpoint:

- OS in newly diagnosed GBM

Secondary Endpoints:

- PFS
- Immunological effects of **ss-LAMP** vs. **fl-LAMP** on pp65-specific T-cell responses
 - Phenotype and exhaustion markers on CD4 and CD8 T cells
 - Polyfunctional CD4 and CD8 cytokine responses
 - Lack of expansion of regulatory T cells
 - Pp65-specific humoral responses

Status: Currently recruiting

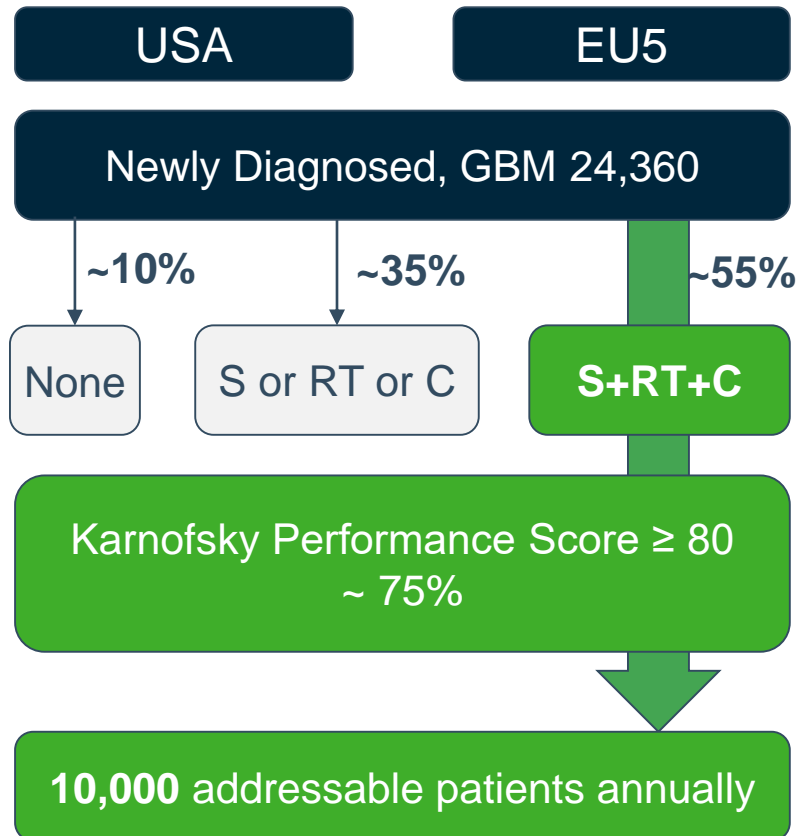
¹ Mitchell DA, Batich KA et al. Nature 2015

² NCT02465268

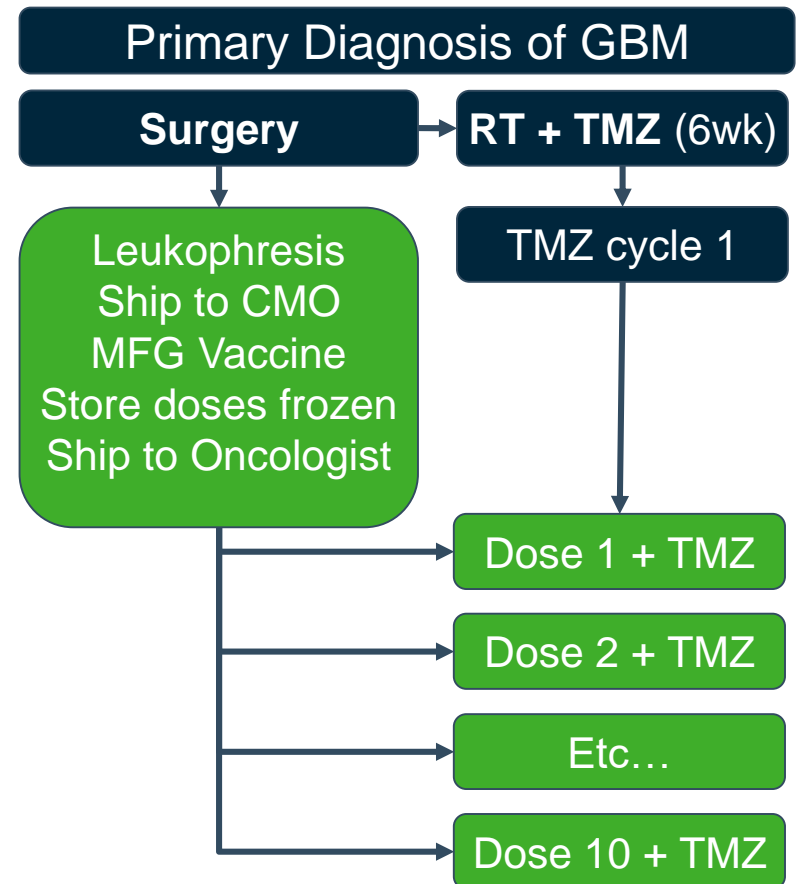
Market Opportunity

Integrating pp65-LAMP-vax into SOC

Addressable Markets



Patient Flow (1st Year of Therapy)



S = Surgery; RT = Radiotherapy; C = Chemotherapy; TMZ = temozolomide

Late Stage Pipeline

- **Nivolumab** (Bristol-Myers Squibb): anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody
 - In three **Ph. III** trials that collectively aim to enroll over 1,300 patients in newly diagnosed and recurrent GBM
- **ICT-107** (ImmunoCellular Therapeutics): Autologous DC vaccine targeting six different antigens
 - **Ph. III** trial currently enrolling at 68 sites aiming to randomize 542 patients
 - Orphan drug designation in US and Europe
- **Durvulumab** (AstraZeneca): anti-PD-L1 monoclonal antibody
 - In two **Ph. II trials**, aims to enroll over 200 patients in newly diagnosed and recurrent GBM
- **Pembrolizumab** (Merck): anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody
 - In three **Ph. II trials**, aims to enroll ~50 patients in newly diagnosed and recurrent GBM
- **DNX-2401** (DNAtrix): Oncolytic virus in a 50 person **Ph. II**
- **IMA950** (Immatics Biotech): Multi-Peptide Vaccine and neo-antigen based peptide vaccines in **Ph. I**

Conclusions

- GBM is uniformly fatal disease affecting 10,000 and 14,000 in the US and EU respectively
 - Orphan disease with high medical need
- No approved drugs in 1L GBM since TMZ
 - Optune TFF device approved in recurrent therapy at a cost of \$21K per month
- Standard of care is surgery followed by cycles of radiotherapy and TMZ
 - Adding pp65-LAMP-vax could increase OS to >25 months, if trend from P1 holds
 - Ability to combine with PD-1 and PD-L1 antibodies in late stage development
 - Potential billion dollar product opportunity over several geographic markets
- Phase II study in progress with expected initial read-out in 2019
 - UF and NCI providing majority of funding for P2 150 person study
 - Duke IP provides competitive advantage over other DC therapies
- ITI management has expertise in GBM clinical development, DC manufacturing and LAMP

Summary, Timeline & Objectives

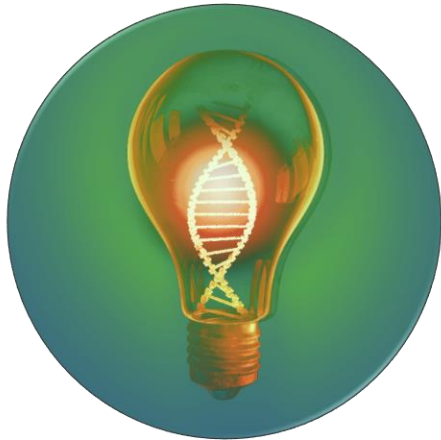
LAMP-Vax enrolling in a Phase II study in GBM.

Data/information available under CDA in 2017:

- Existing body of Phase I and II data employing LAMP
- Mechanism of action (MoA) data (support from allergy work)
- Animal data with candidate LAMP-Vax in various tumor models w/ preferred platform for LAMP-Vax.
- Additional information (IP, regulatory, manufacturing)

In 2017, initiating formal BD discussions with Pharma for transaction/collaboration:

- Exclusive WW rights for all oncology applications OR
- Focus on specific cancer(s), products OR geography
- Willing to consider alternatives



Thank You



Sia Anagnostou
Sr. Director of Corporate Development
Immunomic Therapeutics, Inc.
email: sia@immunomix.com
Tel: 717 327 1822

Headquarters & Lab: Rockville, MD
TEL: 301-968-3501
www.immunomix.com
twitter.com/immunomix